

Schools To Watch™

A School Self-Study and Rating Rubric®

The Schools To Watch Program is a copyright protected program of the National Forum to Accelerate Middle Grades Reform. Criteria established by the National Forum is used as the basis for the Forum's Schools To Watch Program. The following Self Study and Rating Rubric may be used freely by any middle grades or secondary school to study and rate its practices. No adaptations to this self-study and rubric may be used without written permission from the Schools To Watch Committee and Board of the National Forum to Accelerate Middle Grades Reform.

This is a continuing-improvement tool as well as a mandatory self-rating for schools interested in applying for a state Schools To Watch designation. Schools applying for a STW state designation should be consistently averaging scores between 3.4 and 4.0 in all sections and components.

The rubric is divided into four sections: **Academic Excellence, Developmental Responsiveness**, **Social Equity**, and **Organizational Support and Processes**. Under each section there is general criteria followed by concrete, detailed, expected examples of excellence. Self-rate each general and detailed component. The **ultimate goal** is to be consistently excellent and rate a well-evidenced score point 4 in every component (general and detail) of every section. Even when that ultimate goal is reached, a true high performing middle school will continue to seek ways to improve as new challenges arise.

A 4 in any general and detail component means the practice is highly and completely implemented, systemic, coherent in every classroom, by every teacher, across the school.

A **3** in any general and detail component means that there is a high degree or maturing quality of implementation that is systemic, but it may not be coherent or of the highest quality in every classroom and by every teacher, but certainly by most, 75 percent or better.

A **2** in any general and detail component means that there is a mixed, fair, immature quality of implementation. A 2 also means that practices may include many teachers but not the majority. The program may be too new to have realized accountable results or to be evaluated as effective.

A 1 in any general and detail component means that the practice may just have gotten started, (very immature), or is only practiced by a handful of practitioners).

No score is equivalent to a 0.

District: School:

Academic Excellence High-performing schools with middle grades are academically excellent. They challenge all students to use their minds well.

General Criteria	Detailed Evidence of Criteria			S	ating	
1. All students are expe	ected to meet high academic standards	4	3	2	1	Average
	Expectations are clear for students and parents.	4	3	2	1	
	 Prior to students beginning an assignment, teachers supply students with exemplars of high quality work that meet the performance standard or level. 	4	3	2	1	
	Students know what high quality work should be like.	4	3	2	1	
	Students revise their work based on meaningful feedback until they meet or exceed the performance standard or level.	4	3	2	1	
2. Curriculum, instruction, assessment, and appropriate academic interventions are aligned with high standards.		4	3	2	1	Average
	Standards provide a coherent vision for what students should know and be able to do.	4	3	2	1	
	Students, teachers and families understand what students are learning and why.	4	3	2	1	
	In any class and at any time, students can explain the importance of what they are learning.	4	3	2	1	
	The curriculum is rigorous, non-repetitive, and moves forward substantially.	4	3	2	1	
	Work is demanding and steadily progresses.	4	3	2	1	
3. The curriculum emphasizes deep understanding of important concepts and the development of essential skills.		4	3	2	1	Average
	Teachers make connections across the disciplines to reinforce important concepts and assist students in applying what they have learned to solve real-world problems.	4	3	2	1	
	All teachers incorporate academic and informational literacy into their course work (i.e. reading, writing, note taking, researching, listening, and speaking)	4	3	2	1	
•	gies include a variety of challenging and engaging activities that are clearly related to the ds, concepts, and skills being taught.	4	3	2	1	Average
	To reach students, all teachers draw from a common subset of instructional strategies and activities such as: Direct instruction	4	3	2	1	
	Cooperative learning	4	3	2	1	
	Project-based learning	4	3	2	1	
	Simulations	4	3	2	1	
	Hands-on learning – integrated technology	4	3	2	1	
	Other	4	3	2	1	

^{4 =} High quality, complete, mature, and coherent implementation – NEARLY PERFECT, LITTLE ROOM FOR IMPROVEMENT

^{3 =} Good quality, incomplete, maturing, or not fully implemented by all - STILL ROOM FOR REFINEMENT and IMPROVEMENT

^{2 =} Fair quality, mixed implementation, immature practice, sporadic by some – SIGNIFICANT IMPROVEMENT NEEDED

^{1 =} Poor quality, low level of implementation, new program, by a few -CONSIDERABLE STRATEGIC PLANNING, CONSENSUS BUILDING AND IMPROVEMENT NEEDED

^{0 =} No score, isolated or not in practice - INITIATE DISCUSSION

District: School:

Academic Excellence (continued)

General Criteria	Detailed Evidence of Criteria		Self-Rating			ating
	ty of methods to assess and monitor the progress of student learning (e.g., tests, s, exhibitions, projects, performance tasks, portfolios).	4	3	2	1	Average
	All teachers use common, frequent assessments to benchmark key concepts and the achievement of their students.	4	3	2	1	
	Students learn how to assess their own and others' work against the performance standards, expectations, or levels.	4	3	2	1	
6. The faculty and mast	er schedule provide students time to meet rigorous academic standards	4	3	2	1	Average
	Students are provided more time to learn the content, concepts or skills if needed.	4	3	2	1	
	Flexible scheduling enables students to engage in academic interventions, extended projects, hands-on experiences, and inquiry-based learning.	4	3	2	1	
7. Students are provide	d the support they need to meet rigorous academic standards.	4 3 2 1 Averag	Average			
	Teachers know what each student has learned and still needs to learn.	4	3	2	1	
	Students have multiple opportunities to succeed and receive extra help as needed, such as:	4	3	2	1	
	o support and intervention classes,	4	3	2	1	
	o before- and after-school tutoring,	4	3	2	1	
	o homework centers	4	3	2	1	
	o other	4	3	2	1	
	ool are provided time and frequent opportunities to enhance student achievement by ues to deepen their knowledge and to improve their standards-based practice.	4	3	2	1	Average
	They collaborate in analyzing student achievement data and making decisions about rigorous curriculum, standards-based assessment practice, effective instructional methods, and evaluation of student work.	4	3	2	1	
	The professional learning community employs coaching, mentoring, and peer observation as a means of continuous instructional improvement	4	3	2	1	

^{4 =} High quality, complete, mature, and coherent implementation – NEARLY PERFECT, LITTLE ROOM FOR IMPROVEMENT

^{3 =} Good quality, incomplete, maturing, or not fully implemented by all - STILL ROOM FOR REFINEMENT and IMPROVEMENT

^{2 =} Fair quality, mixed implementation, immature practice, sporadic by some – SIGNIFICANT IMPROVEMENT NEEDED

^{1 =} Poor quality, low level of implementation, new program, by a few -CONSIDERABLE STRATEGIC PLANNING, CONSENSUS BUILDING AND IMPROVEMENT NEEDED

^{0 =} No score, isolated or not in practice - INITIATE DISCUSSION

District: School:

Developmental Responsiveness High-performing schools with middle grades are sensitive to the unique

developmental challenges of early adolescence.

General Criteria	Detailed Evidence of Criteria	Self-Rating				ating
The staff creates a p physical developme	ersonalized environment that supports each student's intellectual, ethical, social, and	4	3	2	1	Average
	Adults and students are grouped into smaller communities (i.e. teams, houses, academies) for enhanced teaching and learning.	4	3	2	1	
	 These small learning communities are characterized by stable, close, and mutually respectful relationships. 	4	3	2	1	
	 Every student has a mentor, advisor, advocate, or other adult he/she trusts and stays in relationship with throughout the middle school experience. 	4	3	2	1	
	2. The school provides access to comprehensive services to foster healthy physical, social, emotional, and intellectual development.		3	2	1	Average
	Teachers are trained to recognize and handle student problems.	4	3	2	1	
	Students with difficulties, and their families, can get help.	4	3	2	1	
	The school houses a wide range of support—nurses, counselors, resource teachers—to help students and families who need special assistance.	4	3	2	1	
	The school staff-members offer parent education activities involving families.	4	3	2	1	
Teachers foster curi environment.	. Teachers foster curiosity, creativity and the development of social skills in a structured and supportive environment.		3	2	1	Average
	 All Teachers: enhance standards-based learning by using a wide variety of instructional strategies; 	4	3	2	1	
	 incorporate well-developed procedures and routines for effective classroom management; 	4	3	2	1	
	o facilitate learning by deliberately teaching study and organizational skills;	4	3	2	1	
	 integrate creative activities in the lessons, e.g., current technologies, visual and performing arts, etc. 	4	3	2	1	
The curriculum is boadolescents.	The curriculum is both socially significant and relevant to the personal and career interests of young		3	2	1	Average
	Students talk about daily issues in their own lives, their community and their world.	4	3	2	1	
	 Students take action, make informed choices, work collaboratively, and learn to resolve conflicts. 	4	3	2	1	

^{4 =} High quality, complete, mature, and coherent implementation – NEARLY PERFECT, LITTLE ROOM FOR IMPROVEMENT

^{3 =} Good quality, incomplete, maturing, or not fully implemented by all - STILL ROOM FOR REFINEMENT and IMPROVEMENT

^{2 =} Fair quality, mixed implementation, immature practice, sporadic by some – SIGNIFICANT IMPROVEMENT NEEDED

^{1 =} Poor quality, low level of implementation, new program, by a few -CONSIDERABLE STRATEGIC PLANNING, CONSENSUS BUILDING AND IMPROVEMENT NEEDED

^{0 =} No score, isolated or not in practice - INITIATE DISCUSSION

District: School:

Developmental Responsiveness (continued)

General Criteria	Detailed Evidence of Criteria			Self-Rating				
Teachers use an inter problems.	disciplinary approach to reinforce important concepts, skills, and address real-world	4	3	2	1	Average		
	For example, students may read a historical novel for language arts and history and then study music from the same time period in music class.	4	3	2	1			
	Students can work on the same project in several different classes.	4	3	2	1			
	d multiple opportunities to explore a rich variety of topics and interests in order to y, learn about their strengths, discover and demonstrate their own competence, and	4	3	2	1	Average		
	Teachers and counselors push students to challenge themselves and set high academic and career goals for their future.	4	3	2	1			
All students have opposite decisions and leader	portunities for voice—posing questions, reflecting on experiences, and participating in ship activities.	4	3	2	1	Average		
	• All students have a real say, or have legitimate representation, in what happens at school.	4	3	2	1			
	School staff members have an "open-door" policy to encourage student involvement and connection.	4	3	2	1			
	Students take an active role in school-family conferences.	4	3	2	1			
The school staff men children.	nbers develop alliances with families to enhance and support the well-being of the	4	3	2	1	Average		
	Parents are more than just volunteers or fund-raisers; they are meaningfully involved in all aspects of the school.	4	3	2	1			
	Parents are informed, included, and involved as partners and decision-makers in their children's education.	4	3	2	1			
	de all students with opportunities to develop citizenship skills, to use the community as engage the community in providing resources and support.	4	3	2	1	Average		
	Students take on projects to improve their school, community, state, nation, and world.	4	3	2	1			
	age-appropriate, co-curricular activities to foster social skills and character, and to yond the classroom environment.	4	3	2	1	Average		
	Student co-curricular activities cover a wide range of interests—team sports, clubs, exploratory opportunities, service opportunities, and a rich program in the visual and performing arts.	4	3	2	1			

^{4 =} High quality, complete, mature, and coherent implementation – NEARLY PERFECT, LITTLE ROOM FOR IMPROVEMENT

^{3 =} Good quality, incomplete, maturing, or not fully implemented by all - STILL ROOM FOR REFINEMENT and IMPROVEMENT

^{2 =} Fair quality, mixed implementation, immature practice, sporadic by some – SIGNIFICANT IMPROVEMENT NEEDED

^{1 =} Poor quality, low level of implementation, new program, by a few -CONSIDERABLE STRATEGIC PLANNING, CONSENSUS BUILDING AND IMPROVEMENT NEEDED

^{0 =} No score, isolated or not in practice - INITIATE DISCUSSION

District: School:

Social Equity High performing schools with middle grades are socially equitable, democratic, and fair. They provide every student with high-

quality teachers, resources, learning opportunities, and supports. They keep positive options open for all students

General Criteria	Detailed Evidence of Criteria	Self-Rating				
	possible, all students, including English learners, students with disabilities, gifted and articipate in heterogeneous classes with high academic and behavioral expectations.	4	3	2	1	Average
	Faculty and administrators are committed to helping each student produce proficient work.	4	3	2	1	
	Evidence of this commitment includes tutoring, mentoring, enrichment assignments, differentiated instruction, special adaptations, supplemental classes and other supports.	4	3	2	1	
	Accelerated, short-term interventions for students with similar needs are fluid and do not become low-level or permanent tracks.	4	3	2	1	
	ed the opportunity to use many and varied approaches to achieve and demonstrate astery of standards.	4	3	2	1	Average
•	Teachers know each student's learning style.	4	3	2	1	
	Teachers differentiate instruction in order to give each student equal opportunity to comprehend the standards-based curriculum.	4	3	2	1	
3. Teachers continuall diverse and changi	y adapt curriculum, instruction, assessment, and scheduling to meet their students' ng needs.	4	3	2	1	Average
	The faculty is always seeking ways to improve programs, curriculum, and assessment to better meet student needs.	4	3	2	1	
4. All students have eq	ual access to valued knowledge in all school classes and activities.	4	3	2	1	Average
	All students use technology to do research and analyze data, read more than textbooks, and understand how to solve complex problems.	4	3	2	1	· ·
	To the fullest extent possible, students with disabilities are in regular classrooms that are co-taught by special education professionals.	4	3	2	1	
	 All students have access to participate in interest-based classes, activities, or opportunities. 	4	3	2	1	
5. Students have ongo	oing opportunities to learn about and appreciate their own and others' cultures.	4	3	2	1	Average
	The school values knowledge from the diverse cultures represented in the school, community, and our nation.	4	3	2	1	3 -
	Materials in the media center represent all of the cultures of the students.	4	3	2	1	
	Families often come and share their traditions and beliefs.	4	3	2	1	
	Teachers use multi-cultural materials and methods.	4	3	2	1	
	Multiple viewpoints are encouraged.	4	3	2	1	

^{4 =} High quality, complete, mature, and coherent implementation – NEARLY PERFECT, LITTLE ROOM FOR IMPROVEMENT

^{3 =} Good quality, incomplete, maturing, or not fully implemented by all - STILL ROOM FOR REFINEMENT and IMPROVEMENT

^{2 =} Fair quality, mixed implementation, immature practice, sporadic by some – SIGNIFICANT IMPROVEMENT NEEDED

^{1 =} Poor quality, low level of implementation, new program, by a few -CONSIDERABLE STRATEGIC PLANNING, CONSENSUS BUILDING AND IMPROVEMENT NEEDED

^{0 =} No score, isolated or not in practice - INITIATE DISCUSSION

District: School:

Social Equity (continued)

General Criteria	Detailed Evidence of Criteria		Self-Rating			
6. The school commu	nity knows every student well.	4	3	2	1	Average
	Each student is appreciated and respected.	4	3	2	1]
	Staff members do not use negative labels or discuss students in negative ways.	4	3	2	1	
	Every student has an adult advocate and supporter in the school.	4	3	2	1	
	The faculty welcomes and encourages the active participation of all its families and makes sure that all its families are an integral part of the school, such as:		3	2	1	Average
	Transportation, meals, childcare, and translation support are provided so all families of diverse cultures and languages can attend school events.	4	3	2	1	
8. The school's reward	d system is designed to value diversity, civility, service, and democratic citizenship.	4	3	2	1	Average
	The faculty recognizes the contributions of all its students.	4	3	2	1	9
	Awards are not limited to sports and academic honors.	4	3	2	1	
	Students' success and good deeds are always noticed.	4	3	2	1	
9. Staff members und	erstand and support the family backgrounds and values of its students.	4	3	2	1	Average
	The school recruits a culturally and linguistically diverse staff.	4	3	2	1	2 3 3
	The staff members are a good match to the school's community.	4	3	2	1	
10. The school rules a	re clear, fair, and consistently applied.	4	3	2	1	Average
	Students and parents are informed of school rules and know exactly what will and does happen if students break the rules.	4	3	2	1	
	The school's suspension rate is low.	4	3	2	1	
	Staff members routinely analyze and act upon referral and suspension data to make sure that no one group of students is unfairly singled out by classroom and school staff.	4	3	2	1	
	 The school's disciplinary referrals and suspension rate are low as a result of proactive interventions that keep students engaged, resilient, healthy, safe, and respectful of one another. 	4	3	2	1	

^{4 =} High quality, complete, mature, and coherent implementation – NEARLY PERFECT, LITTLE ROOM FOR IMPROVEMENT

^{3 =} Good quality, incomplete, maturing, or not fully implemented by all - STILL ROOM FOR REFINEMENT and IMPROVEMENT

^{2 =} Fair quality, mixed implementation, immature practice, sporadic by some – SIGNIFICANT IMPROVEMENT NEEDED

^{1 =} Poor quality, low level of implementation, new program, by a few -CONSIDERABLE STRATEGIC PLANNING, CONSENSUS BUILDING AND IMPROVEMENT NEEDED

^{0 =} No score, isolated or not in practice - INITIATE DISCUSSION

District: School:

Organization Structures and Processes High-performing schools with middle grades are learning organizations that establish

General Criteria	Detailed Evidence of Criteria	Self-Rating				
1. A shared vision of what a	nigh-performing school is and does, drives every facet of school change.	4	3	2	1	Average
	The shared vision drives constant improvement.	4	3	2	1	J
	Shared, distributed, and sustained leadership propels the school forward and preserves its institutional memory and purpose.	4	3	2	1	
	Everyone knows what the plan is and the vision is posted and evidenced by actions.	4	3	2	1	
	onsibility and authority to hold the school-improvement enterprise together, <i>r</i> -how, coordination, strategic planning, and communication.	4	3	2	1	Average
	Lines of leadership for the school's improvement efforts are clear.	4	3	2	1	
	The school leadership team has the responsibility to make things happen.	4	3	2	1	
	The principal makes sure that assignments are completed.	4	3	2	1	
3. The school is a community of practice in which learning, experimentation, and reflection are the	of practice in which learning, experimentation, and reflection are the norm.	4	3	2	1	Average
	School leadership fosters and supports interdependent collaboration.	4	3	2	1	
	Expectations of continuous improvement permeate the school culture.	4	3	2	1	
	Everyone's job is to learn.	4	3	2	1	
	vote resources to content-rich professional development, which is connected to ne school vision and increasing student achievement.	4	3	2	1	Average
	Professional development is intensive, of high quality, ongoing, and relevant to middle-grades education.	4	3	2	1	
	Teachers get professional support to improve instructional practice (i.e. classroom visitations, peer coaching, demonstration lessons, etc.)	4	3	2	1	
	Opportunities for learning increase knowledge and skills, challenge outmoded beliefs and practices, and provide support in the classroom.	4	3	2	1	
. The school is not an island community partnerships.	d unto itself; it is a part of a larger educational system, i.e., districts, networks and	4	3	2	1	Average
	There are deliberate vertical articulation and transition programs between feeder elementary schools and destination high schools.	4	3	2	1	
	The district supports (funding and time) its schools' participation in best practice networks, associations, learning communities, and professional development focused on middle grades improvement and achievement.	4	3	2	1	
	School and district work collaboratively to bring coherence to curriculum, instruction, assessment, intervention, data collection, analysis, and accountability for student achievement.	4	3	2	1	

^{4 =} High quality, complete, mature, and coherent implementation – NEARLY PERFECT, LITTLE ROOM FOR IMPROVEMENT

^{3 =} Good quality, incomplete, maturing, or not fully implemented by all - STILL ROOM FOR REFINEMENT and IMPROVEMENT

^{2 =} Fair quality, mixed implementation, immature practice, sporadic by some – SIGNIFICANT IMPROVEMENT NEEDED

^{1 =} Poor quality, low level of implementation, new program, by a few -CONSIDERABLE STRATEGIC PLANNING, CONSENSUS BUILDING AND IMPROVEMENT NEEDED

^{0 =} No score, isolated or not in practice - INITIATE DISCUSSION

District: School:

Organizational Structures and Processes (continued)

General Criteria	Detailed Evidence of Criteria		Self-Rating				
6. The school staff holds itse	elf accountable for the students' success.	4	3	2	1	Average	
	The school collects, analyzes, and uses data as a basis for making decisions.	4	3	2	1	J	
	The administrators and faculty grapple with school-generated evaluation data to identify areas for more extensive and intensive improvement.	4	3	2	1		
	The staff delineates benchmarks, and insists upon evidence and results.	4	3	2	1		
	The school staff intentionally and explicitly reconsiders its vision and practices when data call them into question.	4	3	2	1		
District and school staff possess and cultivate the collective will to persevere, believing it is their business to produce increased achievement and enhanced development of all students.		4	3	2	1	Average	
	The faculty and administrators see barriers as challenges, not problems.	4	3	2	1		
 The school and district statement of the school and district statement o	3 • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •		3	2	1	Average	
	Principals insist on having teachers who promote young adolescents' intellectual, social, emotional, physical, and ethical growth.	4	3	2	1		
 The school includes famil toward high performance. 	es and community members in setting and supporting the school's trajectory	4	3	2	1	Average	
	The administrators and teachers inform families and community members about the school's goals for student success and the students' responsibility for meeting those goals	4	3	2	1		
	The administrators and teachers engage all stakeholders in ongoing and reflective conversation, consensus building, and decision making about governance to promote school improvement.	4	3	2	1		

^{4 =} High quality, complete, mature, and coherent implementation – NEARLY PERFECT, LITTLE ROOM FOR IMPROVEMENT

^{3 =} Good quality, incomplete, maturing, or not fully implemented by all - STILL ROOM FOR REFINEMENT and IMPROVEMENT

^{2 =} Fair quality, mixed implementation, immature practice, sporadic by some – SIGNIFICANT IMPROVEMENT NEEDED

^{1 =} Poor quality, low level of implementation, new program, by a few -CONSIDERABLE STRATEGIC PLANNING, CONSENSUS BUILDING AND IMPROVEMENT NEEDED

^{0 =} No score, isolated or not in practice - INITIATE DISCUSSION