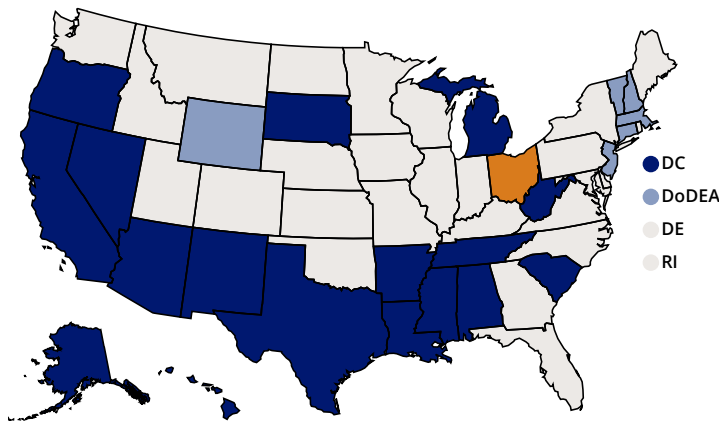


Overall Results

- In 2015, the average score of fourth-grade students in Ohio was 225. This was higher than the average score of 221 for public school students in the nation.
- The average score for students in Ohio in 2015 (225) was not significantly different from their average score in 2013 (224) and in 2002 (222).
- The percentage of students in Ohio who performed at or above the NAEP *Proficient* level was 38 percent in 2015. This percentage was not significantly different from that in 2013 (37 percent) and in 2002 (34 percent).
- The percentage of students in Ohio who performed at or above the NAEP *Basic* level was 72 percent in 2015. This percentage was not significantly different from that in 2013 (71 percent) and in 2002 (68 percent).

Compare the Average Score in 2015 to Other States/Jurisdictions



In 2015, the average score in Ohio (225) was

- lower than those in 7 states/jurisdictions
- higher than those in 18 states/jurisdictions
- not significantly different from those in 26 states/jurisdictions

DoDEA = Department of Defense Education Activity (overseas and domestic schools)

Results for Student Groups in 2015

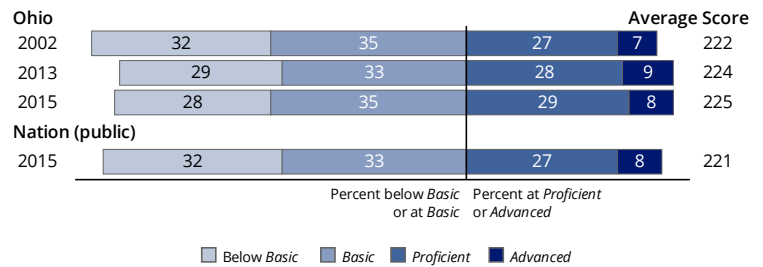
Reporting Groups	Percentage of students	Avg. score	Percentage at or above Basic	Percentage at Proficient	Percentage at Advanced
Race/Ethnicity					
White	72	230	78	43	10
Black	16	205	50	16	2
Hispanic	4	210	59	23	2
Asian	2	‡	‡	‡	‡
American Indian/Alaska Native	#	‡	‡	‡	‡
Native Hawaiian/Pacific Islander	#	‡	‡	‡	‡
Two or more races	5	221	66	32	9
Gender					
Male	51	222	70	35	6
Female	49	228	74	40	10
National School Lunch Program					
Eligible	50	212	59	23	3
Not eligible	48	238	86	52	13

Rounds to zero.

‡ Reporting standards not met.

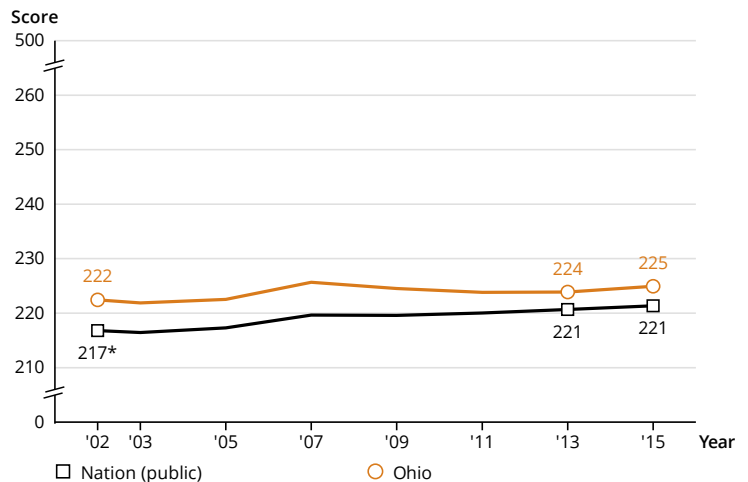
NOTE: Detail may not sum to totals because of rounding, and because the "Information not available" category for the National School Lunch Program, which provides free/reduced-price lunches, is not displayed. Black includes African American and Hispanic includes Latino. Race categories exclude Hispanic origin.

Achievement-Level Percentages and Average Score Results



NOTE: Detail may not sum to totals because of rounding.

Average Scores for State/Jurisdiction and Nation (public)



* Significantly different ($p < .05$) from 2015. Significance tests were performed using unrounded numbers.

Score Gaps for Student Groups

- In 2015, Black students had an average score that was 25 points lower than that for White students. This performance gap was not significantly different from that in 2002 (27 points).
- In 2015, Hispanic students had an average score that was 20 points lower than that for White students. Data are not reported for Hispanic students in 2002, because reporting standards were not met.
- In 2015, female students in Ohio had an average score that was higher than that for male students by 6 points.
- In 2015, students who were eligible for free/reduced-price school lunch, an indicator of low family income, had an average score that was 26 points lower than that for students who were not eligible. This performance gap was not significantly different from that in 2002 (24 points).