Ohio's Introduction to the Science of Reading K-12 Courses

OVERVIEW OF COURSE CONTENT

Module	Grade Band(s)	Content Overview	Hours
Introduction to Evidence-Based Language and Literacy Instruction, K-12* (Parts 1 & 2)	K-5, 6-12, Administrators	 The stages of reading development The five components of reading The Reading Rope and Simple View of Reading models Levels of language (phonology, orthography, morphology, semantics, syntax, discourse, pragmatics) Principles of effective teaching How the brain learns to read Overview of adolescent literacy Evidence-based writing instruction: K-12 Connection to Ohio's efforts to raise literacy achievement and state literacy standards 	3.5
Supporting Learners with Difficulties, K-12	K-5, 6-12	 Causes of literacy difficulty Specific learning disabilities Dyslexia and learning to read Executive functions and learning to read English learners Literacy intervention, K-12 	2.5
Data-Driven Decision Making to Support All Learners, K-12	K-5, 6-12	 Overview of the MTSS (Multi-Tiered System of Supports) model Types & purposes of reading assessment and assessment terminology Using screening, diagnostic, progress monitoring, and summative assessment across the school year Assessment frameworks, K-4 and 5-12 The problem-solving process Analyzing assessment data and matching students to interventions Analyzing data: teachers and teams 	2



Module	Grade Band(s)	Content Overview	Hours
Access to Rigorous Grade-Level and Complex Text, K-12	K-5, 6-12, Administrators	 Three types of text for different purposes Explanation of high-quality complex text and why it is important How to measure and select complex text The role of background knowledge in supporting comprehension Using text sets to build knowledge 	1
Phonemic Awareness for K-5	K-5	 The umbrella of phonological awareness Word, syllable, alliteration, and rhyme awareness Onset & rime, precursors to phonemic awareness The role of phonemic awareness in learning to read Overview of the English speech sounds Routines for basic phonemic awareness tasks Phoneme blending, segmenting, and manipulation instructional activities 	2
Phonics for K-5 (Parts 1 & 2)	K-5	 The alphabetic principle and the role of phonics in reading explicit and systematic instruction, including use of a phonics scope and sequence Guidelines for effective phonics instruction Letter recognition and naming Letter-sound correspondences Blending and segmenting Spelling instruction The orthographic mapping process High frequency and irregularly spelled words Automaticity and decodable text Advanced word study: syllable types and division Multi-syllable word reading: structural analysis, schwa Word parts: prefixes, suffixes, roots 	3
Fluency for K-5	K-5	 Fluency explained Measuring fluency Fluency across grades Developing fluency for letter-sound correspondences Developing fluency for word, phrase, sentence reading Developing fluency using connected text Prosody (reading with expression) 	1



Module	Grade Band(s)	Content Overview	Hours
Vocabulary for K-5	К-5	 Oral language and literacy Vocabulary acquisition Previewing prior to reading or read aloud Selecting and teaching targeted words in-depth Making connections among words (semantic mapping, semantic feature analysis) Teaching use of context and word parts Fostering word consciousness 	2
Reading Comprehension for K-5*	K-5	 The language processes that impact reading comprehension Research about effective comprehension instruction The connection between vocabulary knowledge, background knowledge, and comprehension Making inferences Metacognition and comprehension strategies Main ideas and note taking Retell and summary Generating and answering questions Teaching text structure to support comprehension Designing and planning effective comprehension instruction in all subjects 	2.5
Writing for K-5*	K-5	 Writing instruction models Transcription skills: spelling and handwriting Engaging a community of writers Stages of the writing process Drawing and labels - first steps to writing Teaching sentence and paragraph writing Text structure for opinion, informational, narrative writing Writing about text, using writing to learn 	2.5



Module	Grade Band(s)	Content Overview	Hours
Advanced Word Study and Phonics for 6-12	6-12	 Advanced word study as a component of adolescent literacy Older students with word reading difficulties Phonics and advanced word study overview Structured language instruction Automaticity and decodable text Reading and spelling multisyllabic words The schwa vowel sound Syllable and syllable division instruction Morphology and structural analysis Spelling instruction 	2.5
Fluency for 6-12	6-12	 Fluency defined and explained Fluency and reading comprehension Measuring fluency Supplemental fluency instruction for students with reading difficulties The role of prosody in fluency 	1
Vocabulary for 6-12	6-12	 Why vocabulary instruction is needed Academic vocabulary Previewing prior to reading or a read aloud Selecting and teaching targeted words in-depth Making connections among words (semantic mapping, semantic feature analysis) Teaching use of context and word parts Fostering word consciousness 	2.5
Motivation and Engagement for 6-12	6-12	 Adolescent motivation and engagement explained Differences between the motivation of proficient readers and strugglingreaders Instructional suggestions associated with improved motivation 	0.5



Module	Grade Band(s)	Content Overview	Hours
Reading Comprehension for 6-12*	6-12	 The language processes that impact reading comprehension Research about effective comprehension instruction The connection between vocabulary knowledge, background knowledge, and comprehension Making inferences Metacognition and comprehension strategies Main ideas and note taking Summarizing Generating and answering questions Teaching text structure to support comprehension Designing and planning effective comprehension instruction in all subjects 	2.5
Writing for 6-12*	6-12	 Writing instruction models Teaching principles Using mentor models Writing in the content areas Stages of the writing process Writing sentences and paragraphs Patterns of organization and text structure Writing about reading, writing to learn 	3
Leading the Science of Reading	Administrators	 The role of administrators in leading literacy efforts Key components of literacy that every administrator should know Implementing the science of reading in a building or district Managing time and scheduling to maximize literacy Ensuring quality of instruction for all students Providing high-quality professional development to improve literacy Assessment and intervention 	2.5

*Indicates module is included in abbreviated sequence for K-5 and/or 6-12

